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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/523,337	01/28/2005	Kevin R. Lynch	00812-03	5792
34444 75	90 06/14/2006		EXAMINER	
UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA PATENT FOUNDATION 250 WEST MAIN STREET, SUITE 300 CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA 22902			FREISTEIN, ANDREW B	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1626	
			DATE MAILED: 06/14/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/523,337	LYNCH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Andrew B. Freistein	1626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 A	April 2005.					
·— · — —	s action is non-final.					
· 	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	·					
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsnerson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0) 		Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-33 are currently pending in the instant application.

Priority

This application is a 371 of PCT/US03/23768, filed 07/30/2003, which claims benefit of US Provisional Application No. 60/399,545 filed on 07/30/2002 and US Provisional Application No. 60/425,595, filed 11/12/2002.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

Lack of Unity Requirement

Claims 1-31 are drawn to more than one inventive concept (as defined by PCT Rule 13), and accordingly, a restriction is required according to the provision of PCT Rule 13.2.

PCT Rule 13.2 states that the international application shall relate to one invention only or to a group of inventions so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (requirement of unity of invention).

PCT Rule 13.2 states unity of invention referred to in Rule 13.1 shall be fulfilled only when there is a technical relationship among those inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features.

Annex B, Part 1 (b), provides that "special technical features" mean those technical features, which, as a whole, define a contribution over the prior art.

Annex B, Part 1 (e), provides combinations of different categories of claims and states:

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"The method for determining unity of invention under Rule 13 shall be construed as permitting, in particular, the inclusion of any one of the following combinations of claims of different categories in the same international application:

- (i) in addition to an independent claim for a given product, an independent claims for a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an independent claim for use of the said product, or
- (ii) in addition to an independent claim for a given process, an independent claim for an apparatus or means specially designed for carrying out the said process, or
- (iii) in addition to an independent claim for a given product, and independent claim for a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an independent claim for an apparatus or means specially designed for carrying out the said process,..."

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions, which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

Due to numerous and widely divergent variables in the compound of Formula (I), for example: W, X, Y, Z, n, m, p, q, n, R², R³, R¹¹, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁴, etc., a precise listing of inventive groups cannot be made. The following groups are exemplary:

Group I: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{16} \quad R_{17} \\ Y-Z \\ W \qquad \qquad (CH_2)_y \, CR_{15} \\ R_{21} \quad R_{22} \end{array}, \text{ wherein } R_{23} \text{ and } R_{24} \text{ are each H; } R_{15} \text{ is} \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{12} \\ -X-P \\ OH \\ ; \; R_{12} \text{ is} \end{array}$$

O; X is O; y is 0; R_{21} is NH_2 ; R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is CH_2 ; R_{16} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

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Group II: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

, wherein R_{23} and R_{24} are each H; R_{15} is hydroxyl; y is 0; R_{21} is

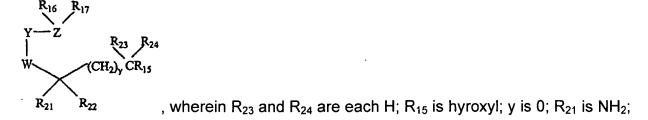
NH₂; R₂₂ is H; W is (CH₂)_nNH(CO); n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is CH₂; R₁₆ is C₅-C₁₂alkyl; and R₁₇ is H.

Group III: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{16} \quad R_{17} \\ Y-Z \quad R_{23} \quad R_{24} \\ W \quad (CH_2)_y \, CR_{15} \\ R_{21} \quad R_{22} \quad \text{, wherein } R_{23} \text{ and } R_{24} \text{ are each H; } R_{15} \text{ is} \end{array}$$

O; X is O; y is 0; R_{21} is NH_2 ; R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is aryl; R_{16} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

Group IV: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula



 R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is halo substituted aryl; R_{16} is C_{5-} C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

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Group V: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$R_{11} = R_{29} (CH_2)_m = R_{15} (CH_2)_y CR_{15}$$
 , wherein R_{23} and R_{24} are each H; R_{15}

$$R_{11}$$
 R_{29} $(CH_2)_m$ R_{7} R_{8} R_{25} is

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is hyroxyl; y is 0; R_2 is NH_2 ; R_3 is H;

$$\mathsf{R}_{29} \overset{\mathsf{HN}}{\longrightarrow} \mathsf{N}$$
 ; R_{29} is H or halogen; and R_{11} is $\mathsf{C}_5\text{-}\mathsf{C}_{12}$ alkyl.

Group VI: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{29} \\ R_{11} \\ R_{29} \\ R_{20} \\ R_{21} \\ R_{22} \\ R_{3} \end{array}$$
, wherein R_{23} and R_{24} are each H ; R_{15} is O ; R_{12} is O ; R_{12} is O ; R_{12} is R_{23} is R_{24} are each R_{23} and R_{24} are each R_{24} are each R_{25} is R_{25} is

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$$R_{11}$$
 (CH₂)_m R_{7} R_{8} R_{11} R_{29} is H or

halogen; and R₁₁ is C₅-C₁₂alkyl.

Group VII: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$R_{29} = (CH_2)_m = R_{25} =$$

is
$$OH$$

$$-X - P$$

$$OH$$

$$OH$$

$$R_{12} \text{ is O; X is O; y is 0; R_2 is NH_2; R_3 is H; R_7 is N; R_8 is N; R_{25} is N; m is 0; R_{29} is H or halogen; and R_{11} is C_5-C_{12}alkyl.$$

Group VIII: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$R_{11} = R_{25} = R_{15} = R$$

is
$$R_{12}$$
 OH OH; R_{12} is O; X is O; y is 0; R_2 is NH₂; R_3 is H; R_7 is N; R_8 is N; R_{25} is

N; m is 0; R_{29} is H or halogen; and R_{11} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl.

Group VIII: Claims 1-23 (in part), drawn to products of the formula

$$R_{29}$$
 (CH₂)_m R_{7} (CH₂)_y R_{15} (CH₂)_y R_{15} , wherein R_{23} and R_{24} are each H; R_{15}

$$-X - P = OH$$
is
$$OH_{; R_{12} \text{ is O; X is O; y is 0; } R_2 \text{ is NH}_2; R_3 \text{ is H; } R_7 \text{ is N; } R_8 \text{ is S; } R_{25} \text{ is}$$

$$CHR_{26}; R_{26} \text{ is H; m is 0; } R_{29} \text{ is H or halogen; and } R_{11} \text{ is } C_5 - C_{12} \text{alkyl}.$$

Group IX: Claim 24, drawn to a method for modulating the activity of an S1P receptor, comprising the step of contacting a compound of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{16} \quad R_{17} \\ Y-Z \quad \\ W \quad (CH_2)_y \, CR_{15} \\ R_{21} \quad R_{22} \quad \text{, wherein } R_{23} \text{ and } R_{24} \text{ are each H; } R_{15} \text{ is} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{12} \\ W \quad CH_{2} \quad R_{23} \quad R_{24} \\ R_{21} \quad R_{22} \quad R_{23} \quad R_{24} \\ R_{24} \quad R_{25} \quad R_{25} \quad R_{25} \\ R_{12} \quad R_{25} \quad R_{12} \quad R_{15} \text{ is} \end{array}$$

O; X is O; y is 0; R_{21} is NH_2 ; R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is CH_2 ; R_{16} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

Group IX: Claim 24, drawn to a method for modulating the activity of an S1P receptor, comprising the step of contacting a compound of the formula

$$R_{11} = R_{25} = R$$

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$$-X - P = OH$$
is
$$OH_{; R_{12} \text{ is O; X is O; y is 0; } R_2 \text{ is NH}_2; R_3 \text{ is H; } R_7 \text{ is N; } R_8 \text{ is S; } R_{25} \text{ is}$$

$$CHR_{26}; R_{26} \text{ is H; m is 0; } R_{29} \text{ is H or halogen; and } R_{11} \text{ is } C_5 - C_{12} \text{alkyl}.$$

Group X: Claims 25-27, drawn to a method of providing immuno-modulation to a patient in need thereof comprising administering a compound of the formula

 NH_2 ; R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is CH_2 ; R_{16} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

Group XI: Claims 25-27, drawn to a method of providing immuno-modulation to a patient in need thereof comprising administering a compound of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{16} \quad R_{17} \\ Y-Z \quad R_{23} \quad R_{24} \\ W \quad (CH_2)_y \, CR_{15} \end{array}$$
 , wherein R_{23} and R_{24} are each H; R_{15} is

O; X is O; y is 0; R_{21} is NH_2 ; R_{22} is H; W is $(CH_2)_nNH(CO)$; n is 0; Y is a bond; Z is aryl; R_{16} is C_5 - C_{12} alkyl; and R_{17} is H.

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Group XII: Claims 28-31, drawn to a method of treatment comprising

administering to a patient a compound of the formula
$$R_{11}$$

wherein Q is 1,3-thiazole.

Group XIII: Claims 28-31, drawn to a method of treatment comprising

administering to a patient a compound of the formula
$$R_{11}$$

wherein Q is triazole.

Group XIV: Claims 28-31, drawn to a method of treatment comprising

administering to a patient a compound of the formula
$$R_{11}$$

wherein Q is imidazole.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted. As stated above, this is not an exhaustive list, as it would be impossible to produce such a list under the time constraints due to the large volume of subject matter claimed in this application.

The claims herein lack unity of invention under PCT Rules 13.1 and 13.2 because, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.475(a) **Groups I-XIV** lack unity of invention since under 37 CFR 1.475:

Where a group of inventions is claimed in an application, the requirement of unity of invention shall be fulfilled only when there is a technical feature among those inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features...those technical features that define a contribution which each of the claimed inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art.

There is no structural moiety common to **Groups I-XIV** and no technical feature. Moreover, there is no "special" technical feature among claims 1-31. Therefore, claims 1-31 are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept and there is a lack of unity of invention. The variables vary extensively and when taken as a whole result in vastly different compounds. Additionally, the vastness of the claimed subject matter and the complications in understanding the claimed subject matter impose a serious burden on any examination of the claimed subject matter.

Because the claims do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 and lack the same or corresponding special technical features, the claims lack unity of invention and should be limited to <u>a</u> product, <u>a</u> process for the manufacture of said product, or <u>a</u> method of use.

Furthermore, with respect to **Groups I-XIV**, even if unity of invention under 37 CFR 1.475(a) is not lacking, under 37 CFR 1.475(b) a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations:

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 A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product; or

- (2) A product and process of use of said product; or
- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specially designed for carrying out the said process; or
- (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specially designed for carrying out the said process.

Moreover, according to 37 CFR 1.475(c),

If an application contains claims to more or less that one of the combinations of categories of invention set forth in paragraph (b), unity of invention might not be present.

In the instant case the claims are drawn to more than one product, process, and method of use. According to 37 CFR 1.475(e),

The determination whether a group of inventions is so linked as to form a single general inventive concept shall be made without regard to whether the inventions are claimed in separate claims or as alternatives within a single claim.

As a result, the claims lack unity of invention and applicant is required to elect a single invention.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even if the restriction requirement is traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Telephone Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew B. Freistein whose telephone number is (571) 272-8515. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph M^cKane can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Andrew B. Freistein Patent Examiner, AU 1626

Joseph McKane

Supervisory Patent Examiner, AU 1626

Date: June 1, 2006